B II (Three Year G) Under 1+1+1 System

2018

COMPULSORY ENGLISH (General)

(For Arts)

(Revised New Syllabus)

Time: 2 hours

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Answer any three of the following questions:

- How did Gandhiji save the Parsi businessman from a jail term?
- "The good Parsi felt deeply mortified." Who is the 'good Parsi' and why was he 'deeply mortified'?
- "I was taking care of animals." Who is the speaker? Why was he leaving behind the animals?
- (d) Comment on Hemingway's anti-war message in the story, Old Man at the Bridge.
- How does a porpoise fight against sharks?
- How does a mother porpoise feed its

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(Turn Over)

2. Answer any *two* of the following questions:

5×2=10

- (a) "Here Captain! Dear Father!"
 Who is the person addressed here? Why is he called 'Captain' and 'Father'?
- (b) How does the poet imagine the reaction of neighbours and visitors to his grave in Afterwards?
- (c) How does Kamala Das describe the summer in Summer in Calcutta?
- (d) How does the poet describe the modern way of life in *The Unknown Citizen*?

3. Answer any five of the following questions:

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

- (a) Who is Jimmy Walsh?
- (b) What is the reward for capturing the revolutionary?
- (c) Who says, "Stop that noise"?
- (d) What is 'kelp'?
- (e) What is the setting of the play, The Rising of the Moon?
- (f) What is a 'quay'?
- (g) What is a 'ballad'?
- (h) Where did the ragged man hide himself?

4. Write a letter to the Editor of an English newspaper expressing your concern about frequent power-cuts in your locality.

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Write an application for the post of an Editor in a newspaper.

5. Write a report on a blood-donation camp in your college.

Or

Write a report on a bus accident that occurred near your locality.

6. Make a précis of the following passage and provide a suitable title to it:

The human race is spread all over the world, from the polar regions to the tropics. The people of which it is made up, eat different kinds of food, partly according to the climate in which they live, and partly according to the kind of food which their country produces. Thus, in India, the people live chiefly on different kinds of grain, eggs, milk, or sometime fish and meat. In Europe, the people eat more flesh and less grain. In the Arctic regions, where no grain and fruits are produced, the Eskimo and other races live

almost entirely on flesh, especially fat.

The men of one race are able to eat the food of another race, if they are brought into the country inhabited by the latter; but as a rule they still prefer their own food, at least for a time—owing to custom. In hot climates, flesh and fat are not much needed; but in the Arctic regions they seem to be very necessary for keeping up the heat of the body.

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